

201 – Romans 5 - 6

I. Introduction

A. The Premier Document of Christian theology ¹.

Martin Luther called Romans “*the chief part of the New Testament and ...truly the purest gospel.*” He wrote regarding Romans 1:17 that:

“Night and day I pondered until I saw the connection between the justice of God and the statement that ‘the just shall live by His faith.’ Then I grasped that the justice of God is that righteousness by which through grace and sheer mercy God justifies us through faith. Thereupon I felt myself to be reborn and to have gone through open doors into paradise. The whole of scripture took on a new meaning, and whereas before the ‘justice of God’ had filled me with hate, now it became to me a gate to heaven...”

B. Great Impact

John Wesley attended a meeting on May 24, 1738 “*very unwillingly*” where he later said, “*About a quarter before nine, I felt my heart strangely warmed. I felt I did trust in Christ, Christ alone, for salvation; and an assurance was given me that He had taken away my sins, even mine, and saved me from the law of sin and death.*” The message he heard that night was the preface to Martin Luther’s commentary on Romans. Just a few months earlier, he had written, “*I went to America to convert the Indians; but Oh! Who shall convert me?*” Romans had a life-changing effect on Luther, Wesley, John Calvin, William Tyndale, Saint Augustine, and many others.

C. Themes in Romans 5-8

1. The depravity of man
2. The holiness of God
3. The distance between them
4. The Bridge of Faith in Christ
5. How the Victorious Life is Maintained

II. Romans 5

A. Peace with God - verse 1

1. _____ links us to prior verse. Now that we are justified, we have received blessings
2. Peace here is not a _____.
3. God was _____ because of Jesus. We now have _____ with God.

¹ Peterson, Eugene. The Message: The Bible in Contemporary Language

4. God _____ that reconciliation.

B. Standing in Grace - verse 2a

1. "Introduction" or _____ by faith.

2. Stand in Grace

C. Hope of Glory - verse 2b

1. Hope - _____
2. God has promised us _____.
3. The glory of God - _____
4. Romans 8:17-18

D. Present Tribulation - verses 3-5a

1. Tribulation - _____

2. Present tribulation brings future _____

3. Hope Never _____

E. Possession of Love - verse 5b-8

1. Holy Spirit is our _____

2. Poured out

3. Nature of God's _____

4. God loved us when we were _____

F. Certainty of Deliverance - verses 9-10.

1. "Much More" –

2. Shall be saved -

- a. Justification:
 - b. Sanctification:
 - c. Glorification:
3. Shall be saved from God's _____.
 4. If He redeemed us, reconciled us to Him, loved us when we were His enemies, He will keep us as His _____!
 5. Saved by His _____.

G. Joy in God - verse 11.

H. Adam

1. Adam is opposite of _____
2. Death and Life
3. Sinner and Righteous
4. Condemned and Forgiven

I. Death Reigns

1. Death is king over every _____
2. To reign is to have _____
3. Death - _____
 - a. Physical death
 - b. Spiritual death
 - c. Soulical death
 - d. Eternal death

J. Sin Entered the World – verse 12a

1. Sin is not an unrighteous act, but the _____
2. An unholy force that is _____, but is _____.
3. One man's _____ did affect many.
4. Sin did not originate with Adam, but with _____.

K. Death Entered the World Through Sin - verse 12b

1. Penalty of sin is _____.
2. Natural result of sin is _____.

3. Death is not _____ to original man.
4. Hell was not created for man, but for _____.
5. Death comes because _____.
6. Born sinners - _____.

L. Death Spread Because All Sinned - verse 12c

1. When did we sin?
2. We were deserving of _____ because we were in Adam.
3. _____ birth was essential.

M. History Proves It True - verses 13-14

1. If death reigned from Adam to Moses then death doesn't come by _____
2. They had not broken a _____ yet.
3. We die because _____.
4. Adam is a type of _____.

N. Christ and the Reign of Life (*zoe {dzo-ay}*)

1. Verse 17 -
2. Verse 18 -
3. Verse 21 -
4. The life of God comes to us through _____.

O. Effectiveness of each man's act - verse 15

1. Paul uses _____ interchangeably.
2. Much more –
3. Effectiveness of Christ's gift is _____
4. Practical use:

Christ is much more powerful to save than Adam was to destroy
– John Calvin

P. Extent of Each Act - verse 16

1. Condemnation came from _____
2. Gift came from _____.
3. God hates sin enough that only _____ sin condemns the entire human race.
4. God loves the sinner enough to provide redemption for _____.
5. God was in _____.

Q. Result - verse 17

1. Adam brought death and Christ brought _____
2. Much more –
3. Reign in life –
4. We must receive His _____ to experience them and to reign in life.
5. God made us totally _____ and freed us from _____

R. Essence - verses 18-19

1. All men -
2. Adam - _____ Christ - _____
3. Made sinners vs. made righteous
4. All sinners _____ to sin. All righteous _____ to do right.
5. Practical use:

S. Contrast of Energy – verse 20-21

1. The law energizes _____
2. Grace energizes _____
3. The law has no permanency in _____. Only two things are permanent:
4. Law was _____.
5. God gave the law to _____ sin to show men they were _____.
6. Grace _____ more than sin.

III. Romans 6

A. Does More Sin Equal More Grace? -- Vs 1-2

The greater man's sin the greater God's _____

B. Two groups.

1. Legalist -
2. Libertine –

C. The Answer

1. "*God forbid*"

2. Christians now have a new _____ not to sin.
3. What verse 2 does **not** mean.
4. What verse 2 does mean.

D. Things to Know—Vs 3-5

1. The key word is to _____
2. Two important words in this section.
 - a. Baptized –
 - b. United –

E. Results of our Co-crucifixion With Christ v. 6

1. The original and primary source of sin has been _____
2. Our old man was _____ with Him—Vs 6a.
 - a. Old Man:
 - b. How many _____ does a Christian have?
3. Reasons for seeing our essential make-up and identity as _____.
4. **The warfare is not the old man versus the new, _____.**

5. **We won't be at war with the _____ enemy.**
6. A secondary source of sin still remains (**our body of sin**), but it has been rendered _____ v 6b.

7. Freedom from the slavery of _____ vv. 6b, 7

F. The Resurrection Life

1. Results of Our _____ With Christ Vv. 8-10
2. Remember your _____ in Christ!

G. The Life of The New Man Vv. 11-14

1. Overcoming Sin
2. **Know** These Truths
3. **Reckon** These Truths (Vs 11)
4. It is difficult to believe this because:
5. Free to choose Vs 12

H. Present or Yield – Vv 13-14

1. Choice of _____.

2. If sin no longer rules then don't _____ like it does.

I. The Choice -Vs 15

1. Grace appears like _____ to sin.
2. God Forbid
3. To Sin Or Not To Sin – That Is The Question

J. The Application – Vs 16

1. Obey sin or obey _____.
2. When we got saved we _____ ourselves to God through Christ.

K. The Argument—Vs 17-22

1. Contrast between two _____
 - a. **Position**—Vs 17-18
 - b. **Practice**—Vs 19

L. The Promise—Vs 20-22

1. Slavery to sin results in _____.
2. As Christians we are _____ at the things we did. As non-Christians, sin did not produce _____ in us.
3. The fruit of being a slave of righteousness is _____.

M. An absolute law – Vs 23

1. Wages of sin is _____.
2. We Deserved To _____.
3. _____ Leads To Death.

N. Eternal life comes through Christ.

1. Eternal life is a _____.
2. It Is _____ what we deserve.

Bibliography

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